Climate Adaptation of Railway Infrastructure Maintenance - (ClimRail)

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Med stöd från













Content

- Aim and objectives
- Work packages
- Risk assessment in IPCC
- Impact of climate change on railway assets reliability
- Adaptation strategies
- Tools for project implementation



Goal

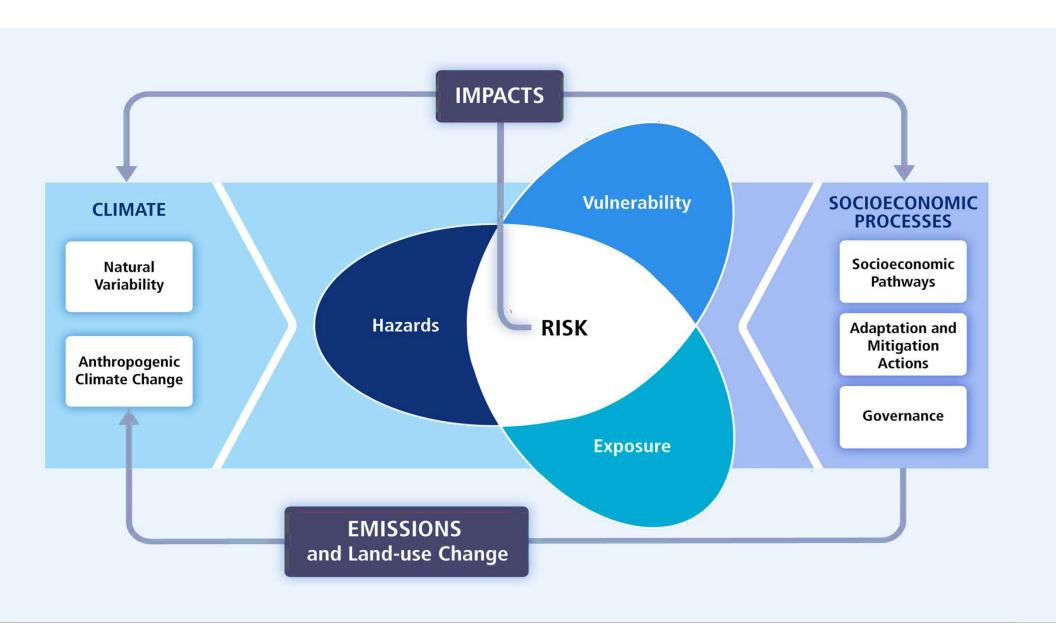
To develop decision-support methodologies based on Reliability-Centered Maintenance (RCM) to adapt railway track maintenance programs to the impacts of climate change.



Work packages

- Work Package No. 1 Project management
- Work Package No. 2 Risk Assessment of Track Functionality
- Work Package No. 3 Development of a Reliability-Centered Maintenance framework for climate adaptation of railway track
- Work Package No. 4 Project Dissemination plan and exploitation strategy

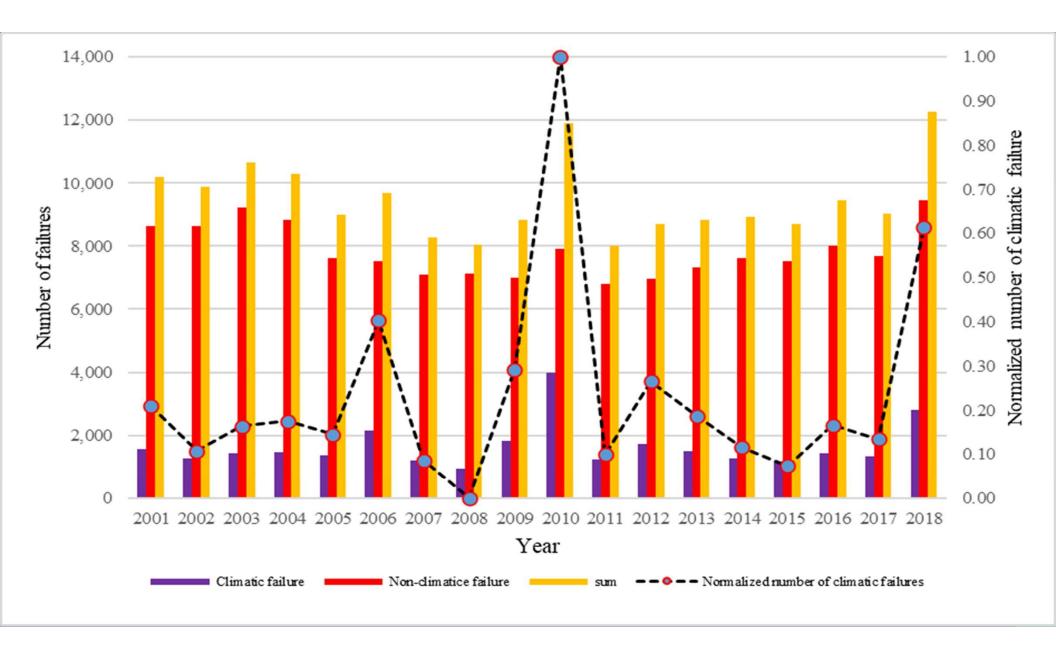


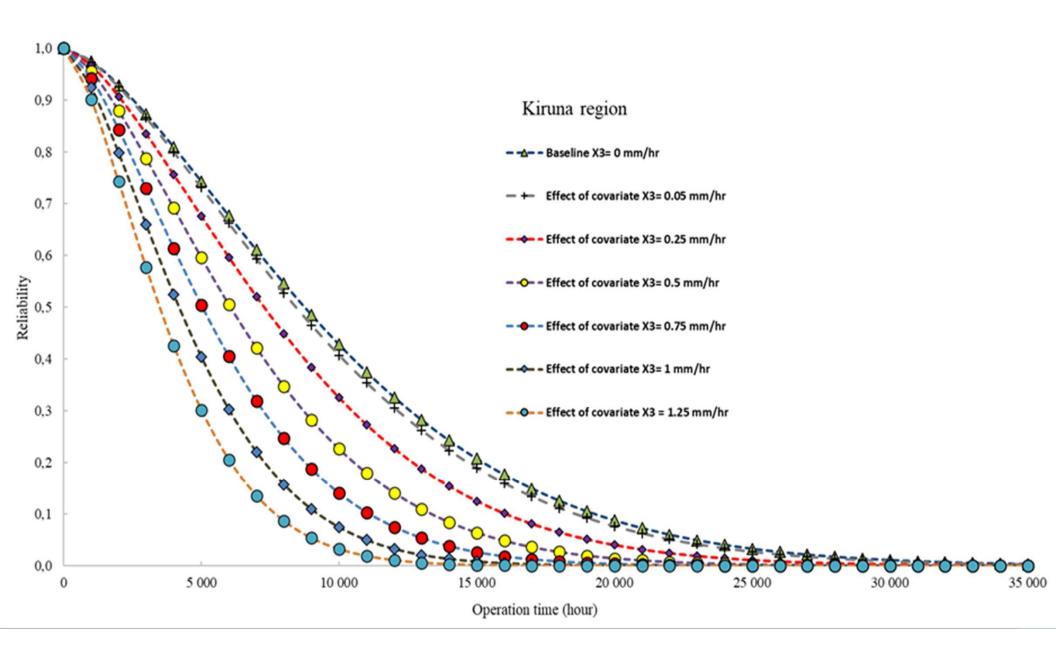


SMHI projection of climate change impact under RCPs

- ✓ Hot temperatures (max daily greater than +25-degree) will increase, especially in the south (largest difference in the north),
- ✓Zero-Crossing will decrease in the south & increase in the north during winter,
- ✓The north will experience more rain and more snow at temperatures close to o°C,
- ✓ Rain will increase within the whole country.

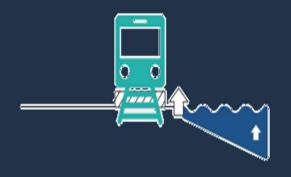


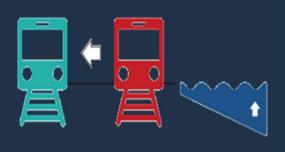




Climate change adaptation strategies







Protect

- ✓ reactive strategy
- ✓ protecting railway infrastructure, the impacts of natural phenomena

Accommodate

- ✓ adaptive strategy
- ✓ making suitable adjustments

Retreat

- ✓ withdraw, relocate, or ts abandon private or public assets
- ✓ discourage development in areas prone to environmental changes

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Climate change adaptation actions

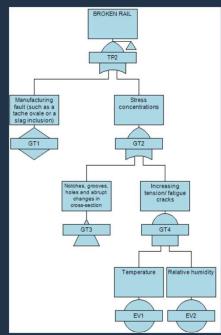
| | | Strategies | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-------------|---------|
| Actions | Protect | Accommodate | Retreat |
| Snow gallery | ✓ | | |
| Embankment | ✓ | | |
| Protective walls | ✓ | | |
| Painting rails white | ✓ | | |
| improving/increasing drainage assets | | ✓ | |
| Increasing altitude | | ✓ | |

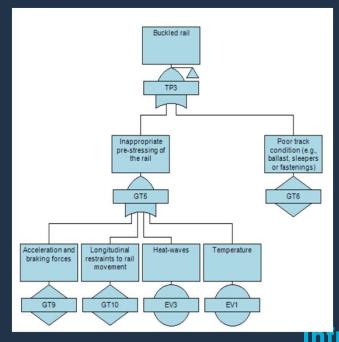


Fault Tree Analysis (FTA)

Identification of the <u>potential causes</u> of railway track failures due to the effects of climate change.

- Broken rail
- Buckled rail
- Concrete sleeper defect
- Progressive shear failure
- Landslide and rockfall
- Cumulative plastic deformation
- Massive shear failure
- Slope erosion
- Subgrade collapse

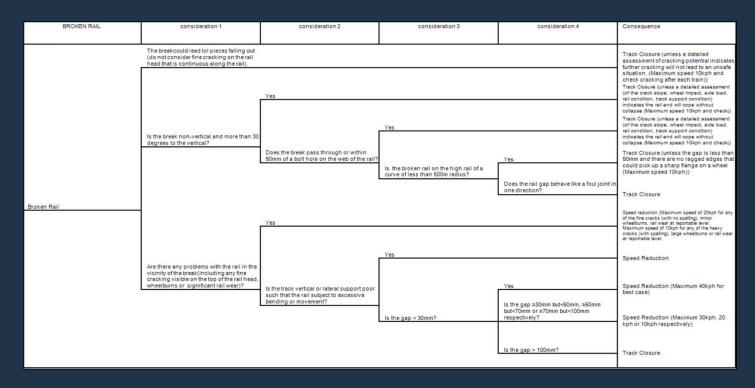




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Event tree analysis (ETA)

• To explore the <u>potential outcomes</u> of the failures identified in the FTA and to assess the impact of irregularities or failures on railway track performance.





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